Think Big, Start Small, Move Fast: A Blueprint for Innovation



Nicholas F. LaRusso, MD Founding Director, Mayo Clinic Center for Innovation Charles H. Weinman Professor of Medicine, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

MAYO CLINIC Education Research

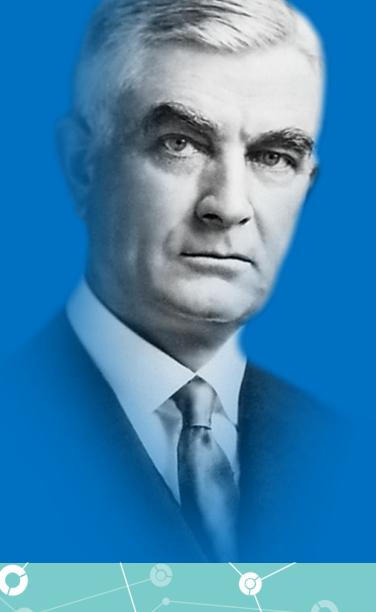
Practice

MAYO CLINIC'S MISSION For More Than 150 Years

"The best interest of the patient is the only interest to be considered, and in order that the sick may have the benefit of advancing knowledge, **a union of forces** is necessary."

William J. Mayo, MD
1910 Commencement Address, Rush Medical College

THE NEEDS OF THE PATIENT COME FIRST Primary Value





STRATEGIC STATEMENTS of MAYO CLINIC

Primary Value

The needs of the patient come first

Mission

To inspire hope and contribute to **health and wellbeing**by providing the best care to every patient through integrated clinical practice, education and research

Vision

Mayo Clinic will provide an **unparalleled experience** as the most trusted partner for health care

Core Business

Create, connect and apply integrated **knowledge to deliver** the best health care, health guidance and health information

MAYO CLINIC A Model of Care

- A team of experts focused on one patient at a time
- Integrated clinical practice, education and research
- Living values of collaboration, compassion, and innovation
- Delivering patient care with respect, quality, and excellence



Mayo Clinic Our Characteristics

■ Integrated, academic group practice

- Not-for-profit
- Salaried physicians
- Consensus decision making
- Physician led
- Leadership term limits

58,405
ADMINISTRATIVE
& ALLIED
HEALTH STAFF

4,729
PHYSICIANS & SCIENTISTS







MAYO CLINIC HEALTH SYSTEM

A system of owned clinics & hospitals in 70 communities across 3 states

MAYO CLINIC CARE NETWORK

A medical alliance of independent health care organizations collaborating with Mayo Clinic to better serve patients





U.S. News 2019-20 Best Hospitals Honor Roll

1. Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota

- 2. Massachusetts General Hospital
- 3. Johns Hopkins Hospital
- 4. Cleveland Clinic
- 5. New York-Presbyterian Hospital-Columbia and Cornell
- 6. UCLA Medical Center
- 7. UCSF Medical Center
- 8. Cedars-Sinai Medical Center
- 9. NYU Langone Hospitals
- 10. Northwestern Memorial Hospital





Mayo Innovation

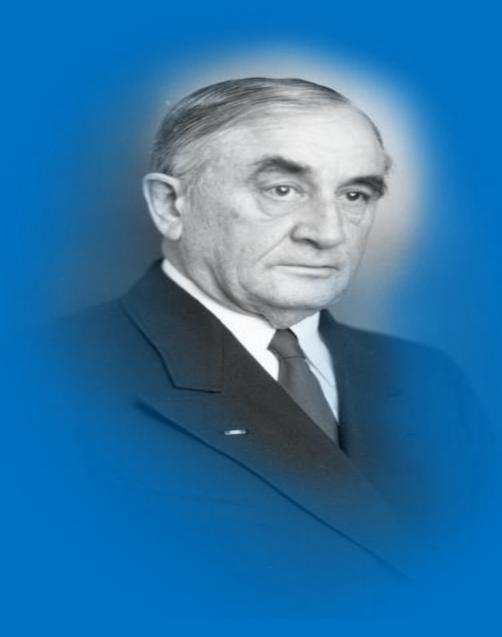
- 1905: First method of freezing tissue during surgery as a means of diagnosing cancer
- 1915: First program in graduate-medical education
- 1919: First not-for-profit practice aligned with medical education and research
- 1920: First index to grade tumors
- 1935: First hospital-based blood bank
- 1940s: First aero-medical unit to transform aviation
- 1950: Nobel Prize for discovery of cortisone
- 1955: First series of operations with heart-lung bypass machine
- 1969: First FDA-approved hip joint replacement
- 1973: First CT scanner in North America
- 2001: In response to the September 11 terrorist attacks, development of a rapid diagnosis procedure to detect antrax poisoning
- 2002: First multisite comprehensive cancer center in the United States



WHY DO WE NEED TO CONTINUE TO INNOVATE?

Everything is changing!





"TODAY THE ONLY THING THAT IS PERMANENT IS CHANGE."

Dr. Charles H. Mayo, 1931

The 'VUCA' World

Volatile, Uncertain, Complex, Ambiguous

Environmental Scan

Demographics Consumer Market forces & competition factors **Government &** Rapid changes in technology payer initiatives



It is not the strongest of the species that survive, nor the most intelligent, but the ones most responsive to the most intelligent.

Charles Darwin



Who are the INNOVATORS?

- Innovators question, observe, experiment and network more than typical executives
 - They actively desire to change the status quo
 - They display Courage and regularly take risks to make that change happen
- Our ability to think creatively comes one-third from genetics;
 - two-thirds through learning

"The nature of innovation – the inherent definition of innovation – has changed...It's no longer individuals toiling in a laboratory, coming up with some great invention....

It's not an individual....It's multidisciplinary. It's global. It's collaborative."

Sam Palmisano, Former CEO, IBM



"Innovation that works is a disciplined process. The real frontier is to not think of it as just a creative exercise, but to think about it as being disciplined in using the right methods."

Larry Keeley



"Innovation simply isn't as unpredictable as many people think. There isn't a cookbook yet, but we're getting there."

Clayton Christensen

Defer judgment

Move from centralized entities to distributed networks

Move from financial COMPACTE COMPACT COMPACTE COMPACT COMPACTE COMPACT COMPACTE COMP

Stay focused on the top \$ 2 DISCIPLIFOTHERS

Be visual

One conversation at a time

Go for quantity

Focus on capabilities (not just needs)

SUSTAINING INNOVATION

Evolutionary, incremental, linear, or non-disruptive innovation... improves something that already exists



DISRUPTIVE INNOVATION

Radical, revolutionary, transformational.... disrupt systems, create new markets, deliver new opportunities





Sustaining

Doing what we do today, better

Comfort Zone





Spectrum of INNOVATION



Disruptive

Developing what we will be doing tomorrow

Risk Taking



Center for Innovation

Health Care

20TH CENTURY

21ST
CENTURY

SCIENCE

Enormous & disruptive

Continue & accelerate

Transformative

DELIVERY

Minimal & sustaining

The new opportunity area



Mission – CENTER FOR INNOVATION

the delivery and experience of health and health care





Definition of Innovation

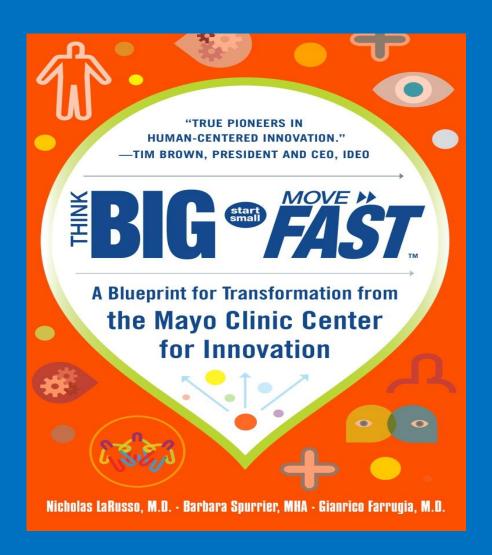
Discovering and implementing new ways to deliver better health.

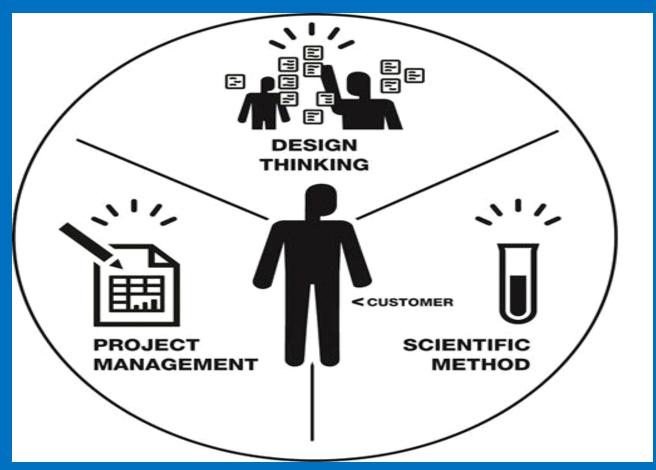


Center for Innovation



Mayo Model of Innovation





Lessons Learned Learning about Innovation

- Build a Discipline of Innovation
- Recruit a Diverse Team
- Embrace Design Thinking, Creativity and Experimentation
- Co-Create with your Customers and Stakeholders
- Organize around Big Idea Platforms
- Collaborate inside and outside





OISRUPTION! DISRUPTION!



Social Disruptors

- Explosion of world-wide middleclass
- Consumer control of data health and health care at home
- Globalization of health care delivery across borders
- Online education for more people & taught by physicians
- Job displacement from automation/machine-based learning
- Physician burnout



Medical Disruptors

- Robotics miniaturization, aiding complicated or repetitive tasks
- Nanomedicine
- Bioelectronics implants for monitoring, event prediction and treatment
- CRISPR gene editing
- Epigenetics altering gene expression
- Regenerative medicine altering stem cell signaling
- Portable medical imaging digital, easy to use



Company Disruptors

- Amazon Web services, health at home services, drug/supply delivery
- Apple Medical records, device based care, employer-based care
- Google Health
- Microsoft Cloud computing
- Aetna-CVS Merger of financing and delivery at large scale
- Walmart and partners
- Start-ups focusing on single conditions
- IBM-Watson Healthcare



The Lificial Intelligence!

Artificial Intelligence! Juor of all?



Some Definitions

 Artificial Intelligence---automation of activities we associate with human thinking (e.g., decision making, problem solving, learning)

 Machine Learning---algorithms that allow computer programs to automatically improve through experience

 Natural Language Processing---the ability of computers to read and understand written or spoken language



Good News

- Al will add \$13 trillion to global economy over next decade
- Al will transform every industry

Bad News

 92% of firms not engaged in core practices that support wide spread adoption

Why progress slow?

- View AI as plug and play technology with immediate returns
- Difficulty moving from pilots to companywide programs
- Think too narrowly about AI requirements



AI

The "What's"

(Strategies)

- Go from siloed work to interdisciplinary collaborations
- Move from experience-based, leader-driven decision making to data-driven decision making at front line
- Move from rigid and risk-averse to agile, experimental, and adaptable





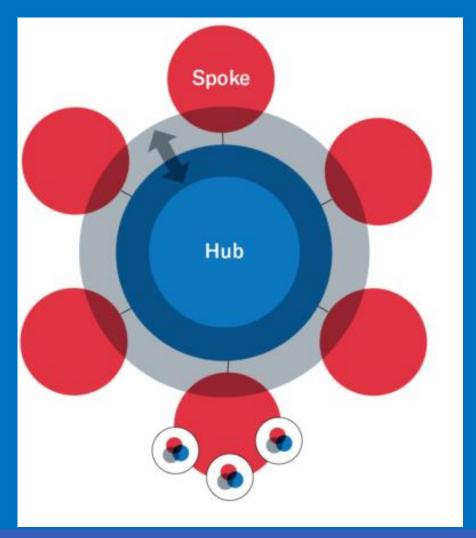
The "How's"

(Tactics)

- Explain why (compelling story)
- Anticipate unique barriers to change
- Budget as much for integration and adoption as for technology (if not more)
- Balance feasibility, time investment, and value
- Organize for scale
- The hub and spokes model



GOVERNING COALITION



Hub
A central group
headed by a Clevel analytics
executive who
aligns strategy

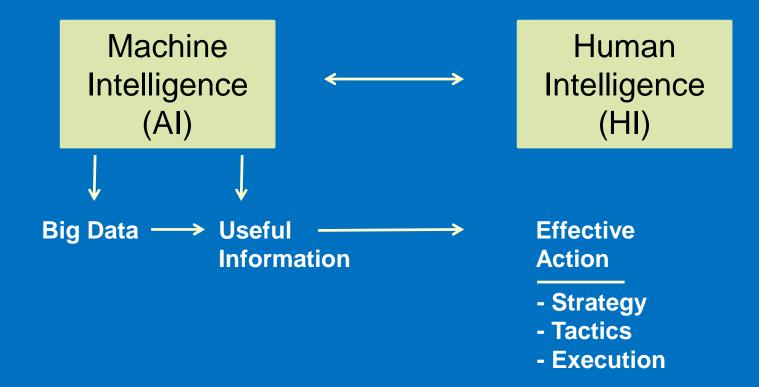
A business unit, function, or geography, which assigns a manager to be the Al production owner and a business analyst to assist him or her

Work that could be owned by the hub or spokes or shared with IT

Execution teams
Assembled from the hub, spoke, and gray area for the duration of the project



A CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK





The conceptual framework operationalized



Screening for cardiac contractile dysfunction using an artificial intelligence-enabled electrocardiogram

Application of AI to the ECG-a ubiquitous, low-cost test-permits the ECG to serve as a powerful screening tool in asymptomatic individuals to identify ALVD.

and e eart's

on (a

measure or contractine function), from 44,333 patients at the mayo chinic, we trained a convolutional neutral network to identify patients with ventricular dysfunction, defined as ejection fraction ≤35%, using the ECG data alone. When tested on an independent set of 52,870 patients, the network model yielded values for the area under the curve, sensitivity, specificity, and accuracy of 0.93, 86.3%, 85.7%, and 85.7%, respectively. In patients without ventricular dysfunction, those with a positive AI screen were at 4 times the risk (hazard ratio, 4.1; 95% confidence interval, 3.3 to 5.0) of developing future ventricular dysfunction compared with those with a negative screen. Application of AI to the ECG-a ubiquitous, low-cost test-permits the ECG to serve as a powerful screening tool in asymptomatic individuals to identify ALVD.





An artificial intelligence-enabled ECG algorithm for the identification of patients with atrial fibrillation during sinus rhythm: a retrospective analysis of outcome prediction



Zachi I Attia*, Peter A Noseworthy*, Francisco Lopez-Jimenez, Samuel J Asirvatham, Abhishek J Deshmukh, Bernard J Gersh, Rickey E Carter, Xiaoxi Yao, Alejandro A Rabinstein, Brad J Erickson, Suraj Kapa, Paul A Friedman

Summary

Background Atrial fibrillation is frequently asymptomatic and thus underdetected but is associated with stroke, heart failure, and death. Existing screening methods require prolonged monitoring and are limited by cost and low yield. We aimed to develop a rapid, inexpensive, point-of-care means of identifying patients with atrial fibrillation using machine learning.

Interpretation: An Al-enabled ECG acquired during normal sinus rhythm permits identification at point of care of individuals with atrial fibrillation.

> nbrillation with an AUC of 0.87 (95% CI 0.86-0.88), sensitivity of 79.0% (77.5-80.4), specificity of 79.5% $(79 \cdot 0 - 79 \cdot 9)$, F1 score of $39 \cdot 2\%$ ($38 \cdot 1 - 40 \cdot 3$), and overall accuracy of $79 \cdot 4\%$ ($79 \cdot 0 - 79 \cdot 9$). Including all ECGs acquired during the first month of each patient's window of interest (ie, the study start date or 31 days before the first recorded atrial fibrillation ECG) increased the AUC to 0.90 (0.90-0.91), sensitivity to 82.3% (80.9-83.6), specificity to 83.4% (83.0-83.8), F1 score to 45.4% (44.2-46.5), and overall accuracy to 83.3% (83.0-83.7).

Interpretation An AI-enabled ECG acquired during normal sinus rhythm permits identification at point of care of individuals with atrial fibrillation.





Predicting Deletion of Chromosomal Arms 1p/19q in Low-Grade Gliomas from MR Images Using Machine Intelligence

Multi-scale CNN with their self-learning capability provides promising results for predicting 1p/19q status non-invasively based on T1C and T2 images.

data was balanced for equal class probability and was then augmented with iterations of random translational shift, rotation, and horizontal and vertical flips to increase the size of the training set. We shuffled and augmented the training data to counter overfitting in each epoch. Finally, we evaluated several configurations of a multi-scale CNN architecture until training and validation accuracies became consistent. The results of the best performing configuration on the unseen test set were 93.3% (sensitivity), 82.22% (specificity), and 87.7% (accuracy). Multi-scale CNN with their self-learning capability provides promising results for predicting 1p/19q status non-invasively based on T1C and T2 images. Predicting 1p/19q status non-invasively from MR images would allow selecting effective treatment strategies for LGG patients without the need for surgical biopsy.



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DSV

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o/19q

Operative report

Medications

Surgical pathology report

Genomics

Diagnostic core needle biopsy

Demographic



Mammogram, US, MRI reports

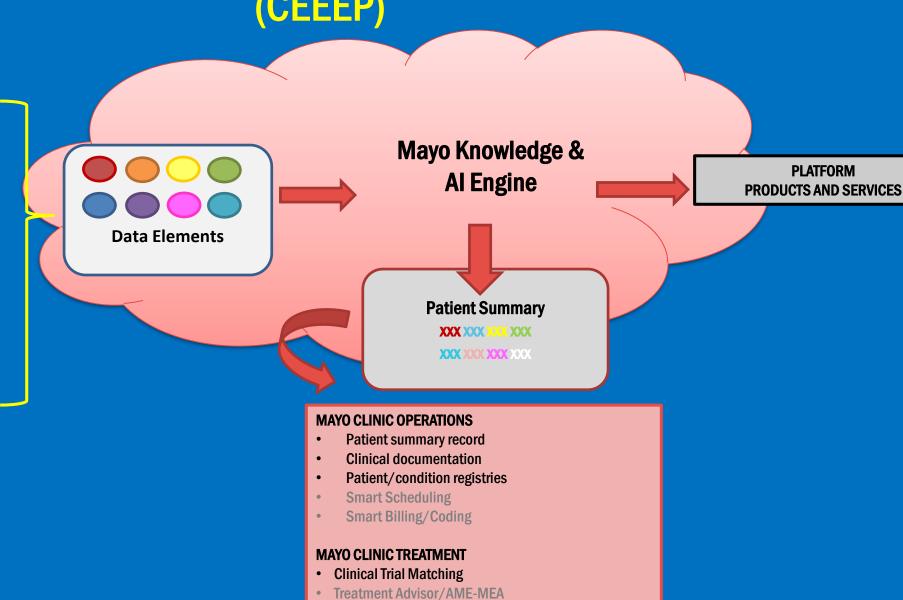
Staging calculator



Clinician Engagement Efficiency and Effectiveness Project (CEEP)

Mayo/Non-Mayo PATIENT

- Patient Profile
- EHR data
 - Notes
 - Meds
 - Labs
 - Procedures
 - Path reports
 - Imaging reports
 - Family history
- Genomics
- Images
- Pharmacy data
- Wearables/Sensors/Apps
- ePROs



Al-driven Therapy Rec

One-click Patient Summary Enabled by Al

Breast Oncology Summary

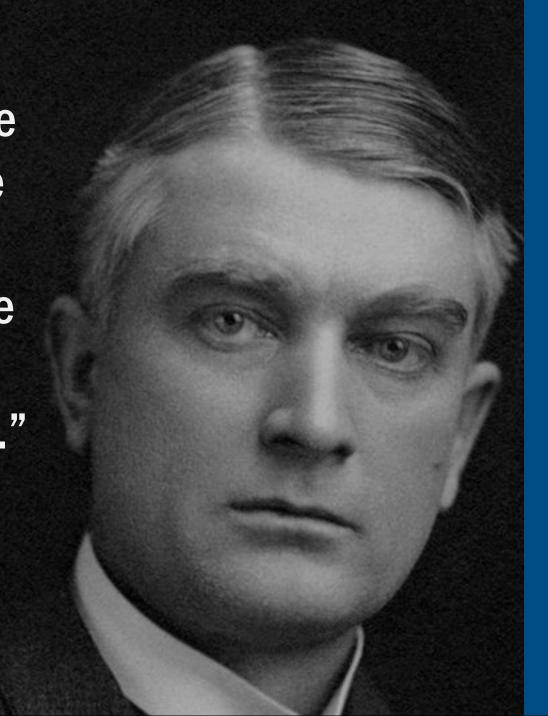


Oncology Summary generated by the Al Engine

"The patient is a 49 year old woman with a history of pT2pN0 Stage IA left breast cancer. The tumor resected was a grade 2, invasive lobular carcinoma, measuring 2.3 cm, and 4 sentinel nodes were negative for malignancy. The invasive tumor cells were ER+ 75%, PR+ 11%, and HER2- with an Oncotype DX RS of 18. Treatment included mastectomy and adjuvant anastrozole. The patient has a positive family for breast cancer and tested negative for a BRCA1 and BRCA2 gene mutation."

"The aim of medicine is to prevent disease and prolong life; the ideal of medicine is to eliminate the need for a physician."

-Dr. William W. Mayo



Thank you !!!

Email: Larusso.Nicholas@mayo.edu

